### Sebasticook Lake Watershed-Based Management Plan

Public Forum August 15, 2024



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The Sebasticook Lake Watershed-Based Management Plan project is funded in-part by the US Environmental Protection Agency under Section 604(b) of the Clean Water Act.

# **Water Quality Impairment**

Sebasticook Lake is listed as <u>IMPAIRED</u> on Maine DEP's **Nonpoint Source Priority Watersheds List** 

<u>AND</u> the list of Lakes Most at Risk from Development under the Maine Stormwater Law



# **Every Lake is Unique**



Lake Winnecook, Unity

Georges Pond, Franklin



Sebasticook Lake, Newport (June 2023)

North Pond, Smithfield

# The Lake & Watershed



Service Layer Creditz: Source: Exri, Maxar, GeoEye, Earthstar Geographics, CNES/Airbus DS, USDA, USGS, AeroGRID, IGN, and the GIS User Community Data Source: VRIPPlux Maine Geolibrary

Map Projection: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 19N Created by: K. Goodwin, Ecological Instinuts - April '22 Sebasticook Lake

### **SEBASTICOOK LAKE**

Watershed Area: 46 sq mi

Surface Area: 4,537 acres

Maximum Depth: 50 ft

Average Depth: 20 ft

Flushing Rate: 1.5 flushes/yr







Newport (49%) Corinna (20%) Stetson (17%) Saint Albans (7%) Exeter (5%) Palmyra (2%) \*Total Area Excludes Lake Area

**DIRECT WATERSHED** 





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Sebasticook Lake

# Water Quality Concerns

- 1. Legacy pollutants in the lake
- 2. <u>Phosphorus</u> inputs from the watershed
- 3. Loss of dissolved oxygen
- 4. <u>Phosphorus release</u> from the sediment





# How is a Management Plan Developed?

- Part of a <u>long-term</u> <u>effort</u> involving towns, agencies, organizations, and individuals
- <u>Public Participation</u>:

public meetings, steering committee meetings, stakeholder input



# **Major Components of the Plan**



Water Quality Monitoring & Analysis



Septic Vulnerability Analysis



Sediment Sampling & Analysis



Watershed Modeling & Internal Loading Analysis



Watershed Survey



Watershed Plan Development



Survey

Public Outreach/Meeting

# WATERSHED SURVEY



Land Use	Total	% Total
Residential	54	31%
Town Road	48	28%
Private Road	24	14%
Driveway	11	6%
State Road	12	7%
Trail or Path	7	4%
Boat Access	5	3%
Municipal / Public	5	3%
Commercial	3	2%
Beach Access	2	1%
Construction Site	1	1%
Total	172	100%

\* Collectively, town, state & private roads account for 50% of sites.

## **Photos- Watershed Survey**



Examples of residential sites ranked high (left), medium (middle), and low (right) impact.



Examples of road sites ranked high (left), medium (middle), and low (right) impact.

# **Next Steps- Watershed Survey**

- Finalize Prioritization Process
- Send a letters to landowners with a documented site
- Notify state & town officials
- Initiate a LakeSmart Program



Example of a medium impact boat access site in Sector 6.

# **Agriculture Survey**

- <u>Field survey</u> of active ag land (current use & NPS concerns)
- Review of existing <u>field & nutrient</u> <u>management practices</u>
- Summary <u>Report</u>
  - Types and # of farms
  - Types and # of conservation practices
  - Summary of field visits with farmers



Photo Source: All in Thyme Farm, Newport, ME

# **AGRICULTURE SURVEY**

- Total of 181 farms in the watershed (167 Penobscot/4 Somerset)
- Diverse mix of farming operations.
  Hay, Corn, Pasture & Potatoes
- Largest areas on north side of the lake in Newport, Corinna & St. Albans
- Site visits w/ 4 largest operators- all have made efforts to reduce impacts to water quality
- 41 NRCS contracts between 2012-2023 covering 6,605 acres (ag & forestry)
- Confined Animal Feeding Operations (CAFO's) of concern to water quality

Crop Type	Acres
Hay/Non-Alfalfa	2,358
Corn	1,412
Grass/Pastureland	580
Potatoes	429
Rye	123
Apple	77
Alfalfa	58
Oats	20
Blueberries	5
Christmas Trees	5
Fallow	1
Total	5,068

# **SEPTIC SYSTEMS**

### Septic System Assessment Tasks

- Septic Database
- Septic System Survey
- Vulnerability Analysis

### 2023 SLA Septic System Survey

### Respond by July 1st and enter to win a \$100 gift card!

- All shorefront property owners will receive a paper survey by mail in June
- Or fill out the online survey at <u>https://forms.gle/jeZqEvAU7QthjvFo6</u>
- Everyone that responds will be entered into a drawing to win a \$100 gift card to Pratt Family Greenhouse

### Responses will be used for the 2024 Watershed Plan to:

- ✓ Build upon current knowledge of septic systems in the watershed
- $\checkmark$  Estimate phosphorus inputs to the lake from septic systems
- ✓ Develop strategies to fund septic system upgrades
- ✓ Raise awareness about septic systems and water quality
- ✓ The survey will <u>not</u> be used for regulatory purposes

The SLA Septic System Survey is part of a larger effort to develop a 10-year Watershed-Based Management Plan for Sebasticook Lake in 2023-2024. Funding for the survey was provided in part by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency under Section 604(b) of the Clean Water Act. The funding is administered to the Town of Newport by the Maine Department of Environmental Protection in partnership with EPA.



# **SEPTIC SURVEY**

- USE- 60% Seasonal Use
- **PROXIMITY-** 50% of systems w/in 100' of the lake
- AGE- 30% installed before current plumbing code



# SEPTIC VULNERABILITY ANALYSIS



Томп	Watershed	Sensitive Soil	% of area on
TOWIT	Area (ac)	Area (ac)	sensitive soil
Exeter	1,625	1,040	64%
Corinna	5,906	3,167	54%
Stetson	5,025	2,471	49%
Newport	14,415	6,325	44%
Saint Albans	1,973	595	30%
Palmyra	675	86	13%
Total Watershed	29,619	13,684	46%

- 1,671 parcels in Newport-55% or 927 parcels on atrisk soils
- 92 parcels within 150 ft of Sebasticook Lake

### **REDUCING SEPTIC INPUTS**



- <u>Pump</u> your septic system regularly
- <u>Replace older systems</u> in the shoreland zone (Installed before 1995)
- Avoid using garbage disposals or putting chemicals down your drains or toilets

# WQ MONITORING & IN-LAKE ASSESSMENT

- Bathymetric Mapping
- Sediment Sampling & Analysis
- ✓ Water Quality Monitoring (June Sept)
- Monthly Phytoplankton Analysis



# **BATHYMETRIC MAPPING**

### **Bathymetric Mapping**

- US EPA in 2022
- Updated lake depth map, volume & area
- Used for Internal Loading Analysis & In-Lake Management Recommendations



# **BATHYMETRIC MAPPING**



# **TEMPERATURE & WATER CLARITY**

Sebasticook Lake - Station 1 - 2023



# **DISSOLVED OXYGEN & PHOSPHORUS**





# P MASS



Phosphorus Mass by Depth (kg)

# P MASS 1980 VS. 2023



P Mass was 6X higher in the 1980s

Substantially lower in 2023



# **PHYTOPLANKTON ANALYSIS**

- a) Monthly samples collected June September
- b) No signs of major issues (wet year and unusually high SDT)



Sebasticook Lake, Newport (June 2023)



Sebasticook Lake - Station 1 2023 Phytoplankton Density (µg/L)

# **SEDIMENT SAMPLING & ANALYSIS**

### Sediment Sampling

- 9 Sampling Locations
- Collected by Maine DEP May 2023
- Analyzed by St. Joseph's College



# **SEDIMENT SAMPLING & ANALYSIS**



# **SEDIMENT SAMPLING & ANALYSIS**



### Maximum Probable P Inactivation

- Treatment Area: >5 m
- Dose: 40 g/m<sup>2</sup>
- Longevity: < 10 years</p>
- Cost: \$5.2M
- Alternate: \$1.3M every couple years to 40 g/m<sup>2</sup>



# **ASSESSMENT OF DRAWDOWN**

- 1980s- Significant reductions in P (3,200 kg/yr)
- 1990s- Reduced by > half 1980s (1,500 kg/yr)
- 2000s- Slight reduction from 1990s (1,300 kg/yr)
- 2010- Present- Leveling out (<900 kg/yr)</p>



P mass discharged with 8.5 ft drawdown

# **FUTURE OF THE DRAWDOWN**

- Currently removing 1/3 1/5 of P from the original drawdown
- Balancing out what is coming in (maintenance)
- Won't help improve conditions in the lake over the long-term
- Necessary to prevent build-up of P in the lake again

### Management Recommendations

- Drawdown the lake during a <u>summer</u> <u>algae bloom</u> (~3 ft)
- Drawdown the lake <u>during fall mixing</u> (8.5 ft)
  - Measure oxygen/temp weekly starting before Labor Day; timing will vary from year to year



# WATER QUALITY TRENDS

Parameter	Long-Term Trend (1972-2023)	10-Year Trend (2014-2023)
Water Clarity	Increasing (strong)	No Trend
Chlorophyll-a	Decreasing (strong)	No Trend
Total Phosphorus (Surface & Bottom)	Decreasing (strong)	No Trend
Alkalinity	Increasing (strong)	No Trend
Anoxic Factor	Increasing (n.s.)	n/a
Minimum Anoxic Depth	Decreasing	No Trend
Surface Temperature	Increasing (strong)	n/a

- Significant long-term improvement
- Leveling off since 1990s

# SECCHI DISK TRANSPARENCY (SDT)

### Sebasticook Lake (MIDAS 2264 - Station 1)



# Total Phosphorus (SG & BG)



- Significant decreasing trend over the long term
- No trend over past 10 years

# SURFACE TEMPERATURE

#### Sebasticook Lake (MIDAS 2264 - Station 1)



- Significant increasing trend over the long term (except June)
- Strongest trends in July & September



# Where are the current sources of P in Sebasticook Lake?

Graphic: WRS

# WATERSHED MODELING- LAND COVER



# WATERSHED MODELING



# **PHOSPHORUS SUMMARY**

SOURCE OF P	P (KG/YR)	% P LOAD
WATERSHED RUNOFF	5136	82%
INTERNAL RECYCLING	809	13%
ATMOSPHERIC	174	3%
WILDLIFE/WATERFOWL	20	<1%
SEPTIC SYSTEMS	148	2%
TOTAL LOAD	6286	100%



### SET A REVISED WATER QUALITY GOAL (2025 – 2034)



### **WATER QUALITY GOAL (2025 – 2034)**



# **BIG PICTURE**

- Phosphorus is Too High but is MUCH less than it used to be
- Next Level P Control Efforts Are Needed to improve current water quality conditions
- Drawdown Has Helped with P Management but <u>has reached</u> <u>equilibrium</u> and will not improve the lake further
- P Inactivation (Alum) could improve conditions but <u>only</u> <u>temporarily</u> (2-3 years/treatment) due to the large load of P from the watershed
- Agriculture & Development are the main watershed issues (2/3 agriculture, 1/3 development)

# **ACTIONS NEEDED**



- Reduce P from the Watershed- Focus on agriculture, roads, buffers & septic systems
- Reduce P from the Sediments-Refine drawdown methods & criteria for low-dose alum treatment
- **Conserved Land-** Protect critical undeveloped land in the watershed
- Ordinances- Strengthen town ordinances and enforcement
- Education- Increase public awareness
- **Capacity Building-** Bolster community support for restoration through fundraising activities
- **Monitoring-** Expand monitoring efforts

# **ESTIMATED COST**

A. Restoration - Reduce External Phosphorus Load	\$2,164,000
<b>B. Restoration - Reduce Internal Phosphorus Load</b>	\$2,703,000
C. Prevention - Reduce New Sources of NPS Pollution	\$284,000
D. Education, Outreach & Communications	\$49,000
E. Build Local Capacity	\$48,500
F. Science - Long-Term Monitoring & Assessment	\$156,000
Sebasticook Lake WBMP 10-Year Total	\$5,404,500



# **SMALL GROUP DISCUSSIONS**

- A. External Loading/NPS Actions (Katie Goodwin)
- **B.** Internal Loading/Drawdown (Jen Jespersen)
- **C. Municipal Planning, Ordinances, Land Conservation** (Jim Ricker)
- D. Education, Outreach & Communications (Alex Wong)
- E. Build Local Capacity (Andre Cushing)
- F. Monitoring & Assessment (Linda Bacon)

30-minute Group Discussion Assign Reporter- 5 minutes to share with large group What are your top 3 objectives?

# **NEXT STEPS**

- Update Watershed Action Plan
- Prepare draft & final WBMP
- Apply for state/federal grants to reduce P in the watershed



# **QUESTIONS?**

